



**PATIENT**

Leo Hamal

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Leo was noted to have a heart murmur in December. He needs to be neutered. Good appetite and activity level. On exam today: NSR, grade IV/VI parasternal murmur, PSS, lung fields clear, compressible thorax. BP: 130mmHg x 4. No medications. \*No sedation for study.

**SPECIES**

Feline

**ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS**

2D, m-mode, color flow and Doppler imaging is available.

**BREED**

Siberian

**Left ventricle:** The LV diameter is normal with adequate myocardial function. The LV wall thicknesses are normal. There is a mildly hyperechoic endocardium. The papillary muscles are normal. The endocardium appears mildly remodeled. Subtle septal flattening.

**Left atrium:** The left atrium is normal in dimension. No obvious spontaneous contrast or thrombi seen.

**SEX**

Male Intact

**Mitral valve:** The mitral valve is normal in structure and mobility. No obvious systolic anterior motion is seen. No MR.

**Aortic valve/Aorta:** The aortic valve is normal in morphology and mobility. Normal aortic outflow velocity; laminar flow. No aortic insufficiency.

**AGE**

10 months

**Right ventricle:** The RV walls are mild to moderately hypertrophied. Exuberant fibrotic tissue is noted within the mid-RV, creating a significant stenosis through the region; max velocity through region is 4.7m/s. Findings are most consistent with double chamber right ventricle/tunnel stenosis.

**Right atrium:** The right atrium is moderately dilated.

**WEIGHT**

9.19lbs

**Tricuspid valve:** The tricuspid valve appears normal with trace tricuspid regurgitation.

**Pulmonic valve/Pulmonary artery:** The pulmonic valve appears normal. No pulmonic insufficiency.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Maggie Machen  
Lamy, DVM  
DACVIM (Cardiology)

**Pericardium/other:** No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac masses.

**Heart rhythm:** ECG reveals a sinus rhythm with an average HR of 180bpm.

**2-Dimensional Measurements**

Ao diam (cm)	0.8
LA diam (cm)	1.0
LA:Ao (Swe)	1.3
IVS thickness (cm)	0.42
LVID diastole (cm)	1.2
PW thickness (cm)	0.44
LVID systole (cm)	0.4
FS (%)	67

**Doppler Measurements**

PV Vmax (m/s)	3.4
AoV Vmax (m/s)	0.9
MR Vmax (m/s)	NA
TR Vmax (m/s)	NA
TR PG (mmHg)	NA

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Pamela Harrigan,  
RDCS

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Mass Veterinary Services

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Masloski

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS**

The cause of the murmur is a significant stenosis through the mid-RV. This is most consistent with a double chamber right ventricle causing a tunnel stenosis through the region. The velocity through the stenosis is severely elevated and is creating both RA enlargement and RVH. No obvious additional issues are identified.

**INVOICE**

24266

This finding as a whole is uncommon in small animals. These cases carry a high risk for complications lifelong, with many patients developing exertional syncope, right-sided CHF, blood clot events and/or sudden death by mid-life. A diagnostic angiogram should be considered as the gold standard diagnostic tool, to confirm the diagnosis and further evaluate if any interventional options may be beneficial; however, in a kitten surgery is likely not a possibility regardless. As a more suitable approach, medical management with

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5/18/22



**PATIENT**  
Leo Hamal

atenolol may be helpful in the future to decrease heart rate and lessen the obstruction and is recommended as below.

**SPECIES**  
Feline

Prognosis is guarded long-term, given the severity of RV changes at such a young age, with high risk for progression to right-sided CHF, syncope, malignant arrhythmias and/or sudden death lifelong.

**BREED**  
Siberian

**RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Administer titrating dose of atenolol: 25mg tablets; Give ¼ tab once daily in the evening. Recheck heart rate in 1-2 weeks with target stressed rate of 140-160bpm 12-24 hours post-administration. Increase as needed until target reached.
- If needed, anesthetic risk is considered elevated, and judicious IV fluid rates are advised avoid fluid overload. Pre-oxygenate for 5 minutes prior to induction and recover in O2 if possible. Drugs that stimulate heart rate should be avoided unless clinically necessary (glycopyrrolate, atropine). A reasonable protocol includes opioid/benzodiazepine premedication, propofol induction, isoflurane maintenance.
- Monitor heart rate, BP, ECG carefully and intervene as necessary.
- Monitor for any clinical evidence of cardiac compromise, including respiratory changes, abdominal distention, syncope, and/or signs of a blood clot event (paralysis, neurologic changes, etc.). Mild lifelong exercise restriction is advised.

**SEX**  
Male Intact

**AGE**  
10 months

**WEIGHT**  
9.19lbs

**PLAN**

- Recommend recheck echocardiogram in 6-12 months to monitor rate of progression, sooner if clinical signs arise.

**INTERPRETED BY**

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Lamy, DVM  
DACVIM (Cardiology)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Pamela Harrigan,  
RDCS

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Mass Veterinary Services

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Masloski

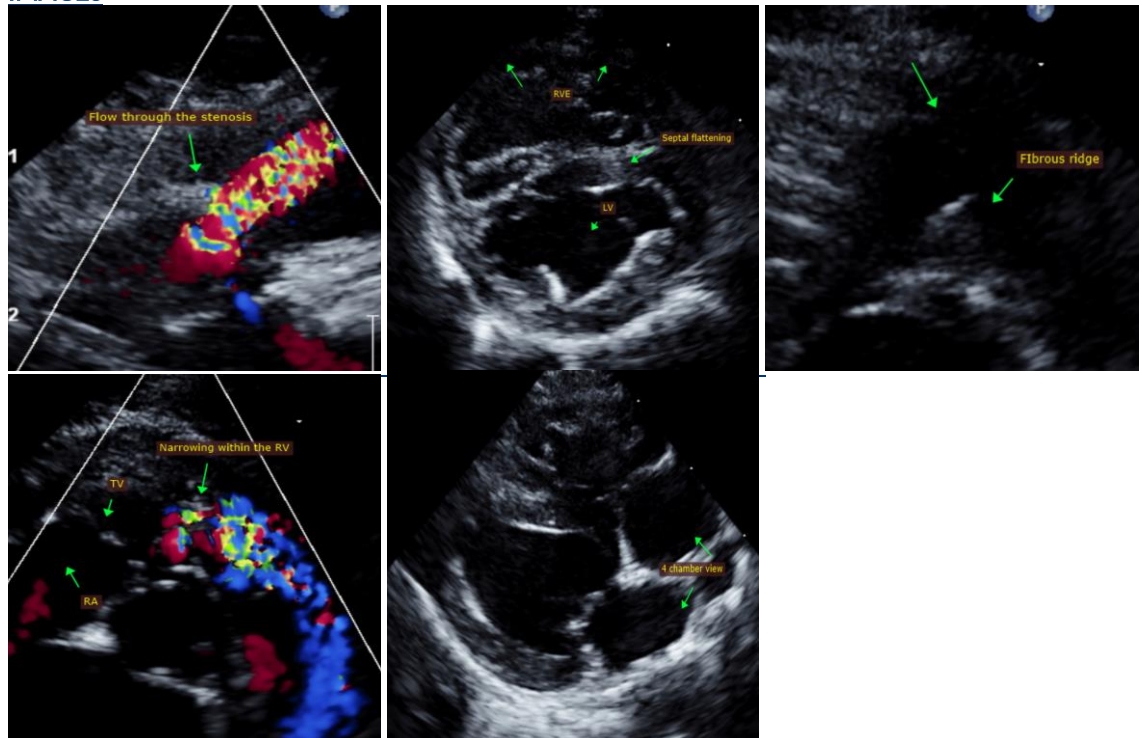
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**IMAGES**





**PATIENT**  
Leo Hamal  
The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**SPECIES**  
Feline  
Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

**BREED**  
Siberian  
**Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM**  
Diplomate of the American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine (Cardiology)  
info@sonopath.com

**SEX**  
Male Intact  
**Echocardiogram performed by:** Pamela Harrigan, RDCS  
Pet Animal Ultrasound Service (4paus.com)

**AGE**  
10 months

**WEIGHT**  
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